

Understanding streamers using density models with mesh refinement

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Outline

- What are streamers?
- How do we model them?
- Some results and conclusions



What are streamers?











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What are streamers?

- .High electric field creates many electron-ion pairs.
- Electrons move into the channel, leaving a thin, positively charged layer.
- .Charged layer generates a high field just in front of it.

I mpact ionization





Modeling streamers

Approximate particles as continuous densities, obeying drift-diffusion-reaction equations:

$$\frac{\partial n_e}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (n_e \mu_e \mathbf{E}) + D_e \nabla^2 n_e + S_e$$
$$\frac{\partial n_i}{\partial t} = S_i$$

 $\epsilon_0 \nabla \cdot \nabla \phi = -q$



Modeling streamers





Results

Main streamer properties (velocity, diameter) are remarkably insensitive to large changes in gas composition (→ this implies strongly non-linear behavior, to be investigated further)

Some predictions made on streamer morphology (smoothness, branching) as a function of $N_2:O_2$ ratio, but stochastic nature requires a particle model to fully study this.

Both of these points are in agreement with experiments performed at Eindhoven University.



Streamer research in MAC3

At CWI

External collaborators

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Thank you for your attention!

