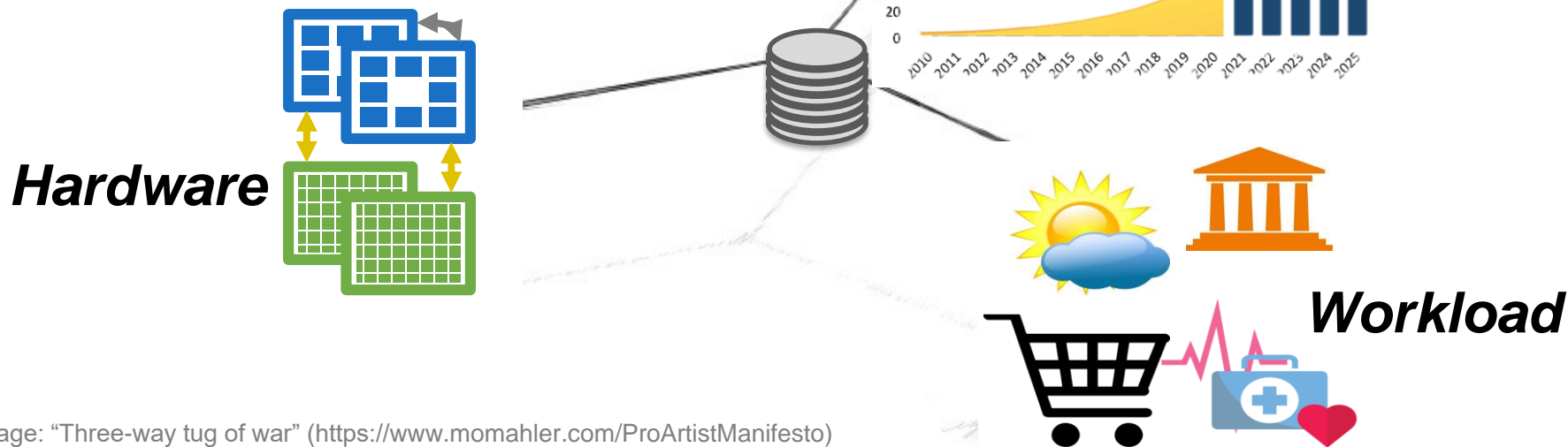


Nothing is for granted: Making wise decisions using real-time intelligence

Anastasia Ailamaki

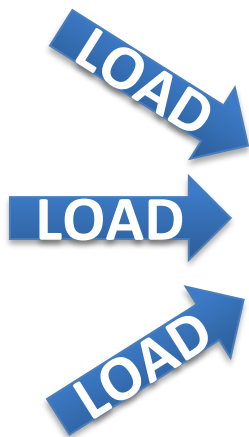
Change means trouble



Data management faces critical challenges

Preparation kills discovery

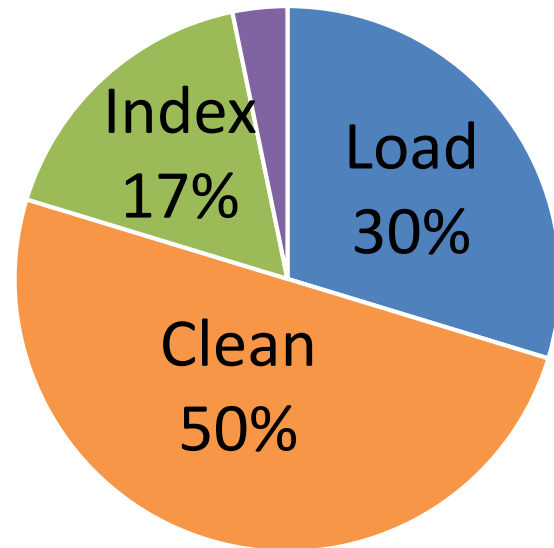
1. Load data



4. Ask an analytical question

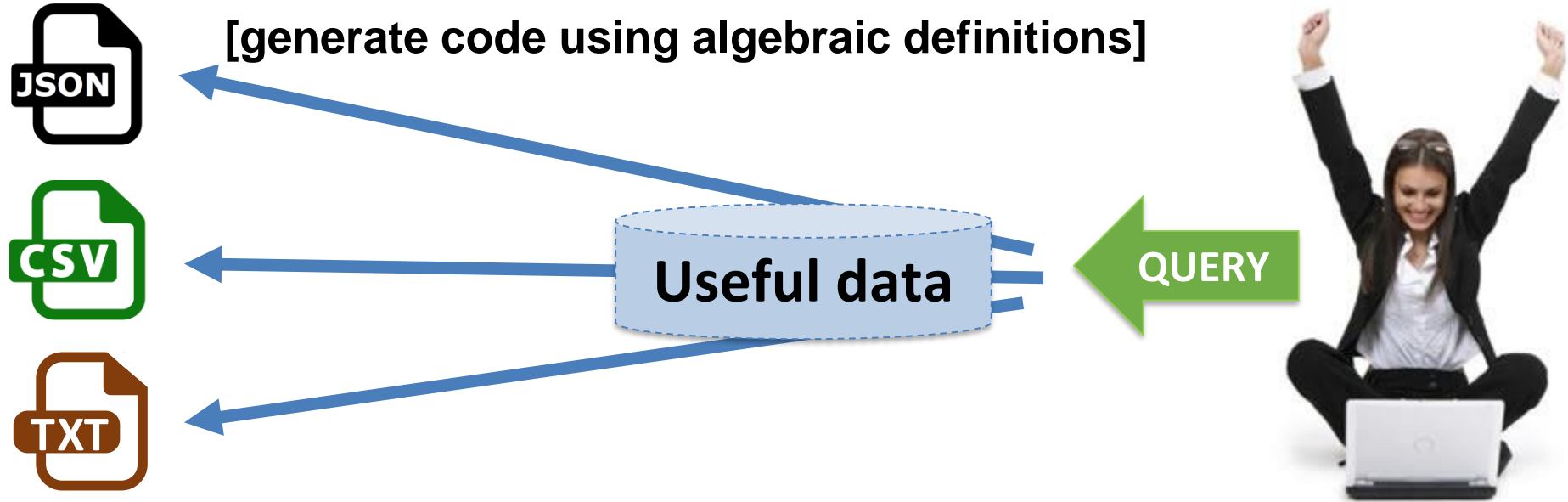
5. Plan execution

6. (finally)



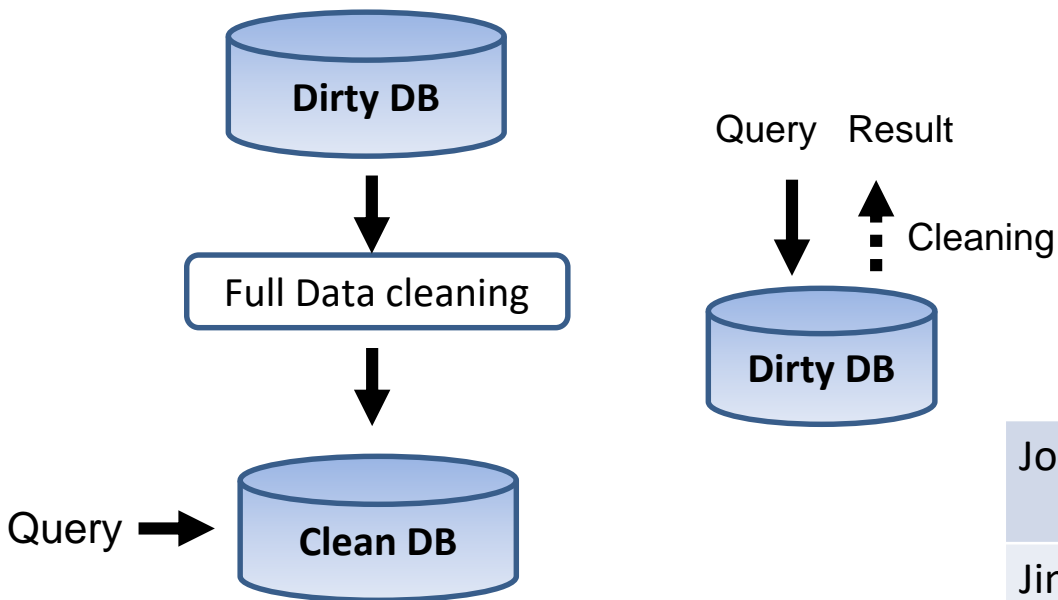
Cost grows with *owned* – not used! – data
Planning is expensive, often even wrong

“pay as you go”



data-to-insight time = 0
prepare data *only when needed*

Query-driven data sanitization



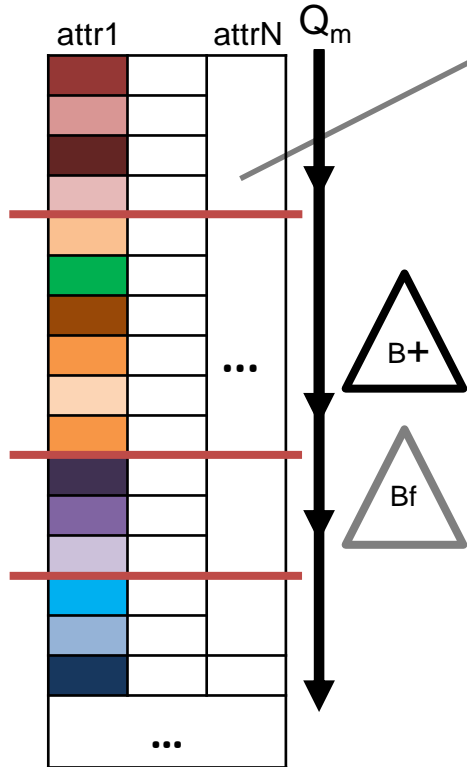
FD: Zip \rightarrow City

Name	Zip	City
Jon	9001	Los Angeles
Jim	9001	San Francisco
Mary	10001	New York
Jane	10002	New York

Jon	9001	Los Angeles 50% San Francisco 50%
Jim	9001	San Francisco 50% Los Angeles 50%

Clean the useful subset of the data with probabilistic fixes

Evolving indexes



costs vs. gains
Should I build or not?

Data skipping

Fine-grained access path selection

Choose what to build & when

- Value-Existence (i.e., Bloom filters)
- Value-Position (i.e., B+ Trees)

Build / drop based on budget

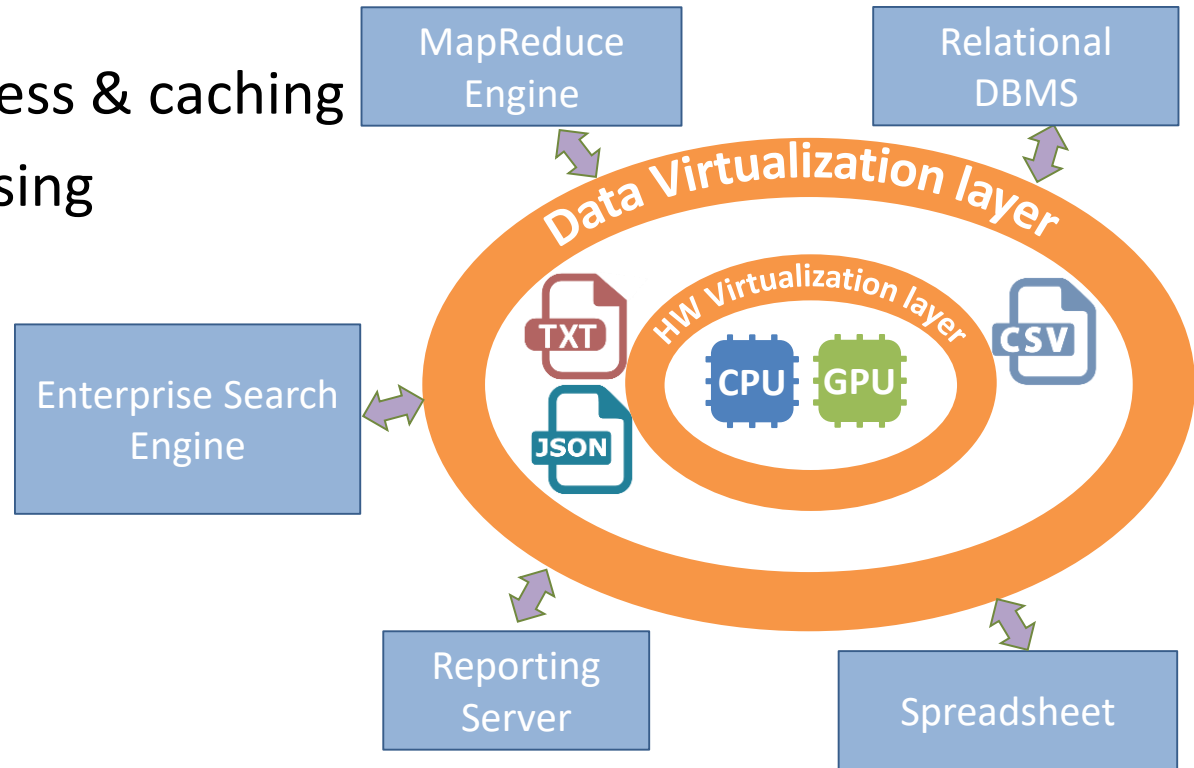
Max gain amortized by cost to build

Q3: select * from R, S, U, W where R.a=S.a and S.e=U.e and U.h=W.h



Virtualization layers

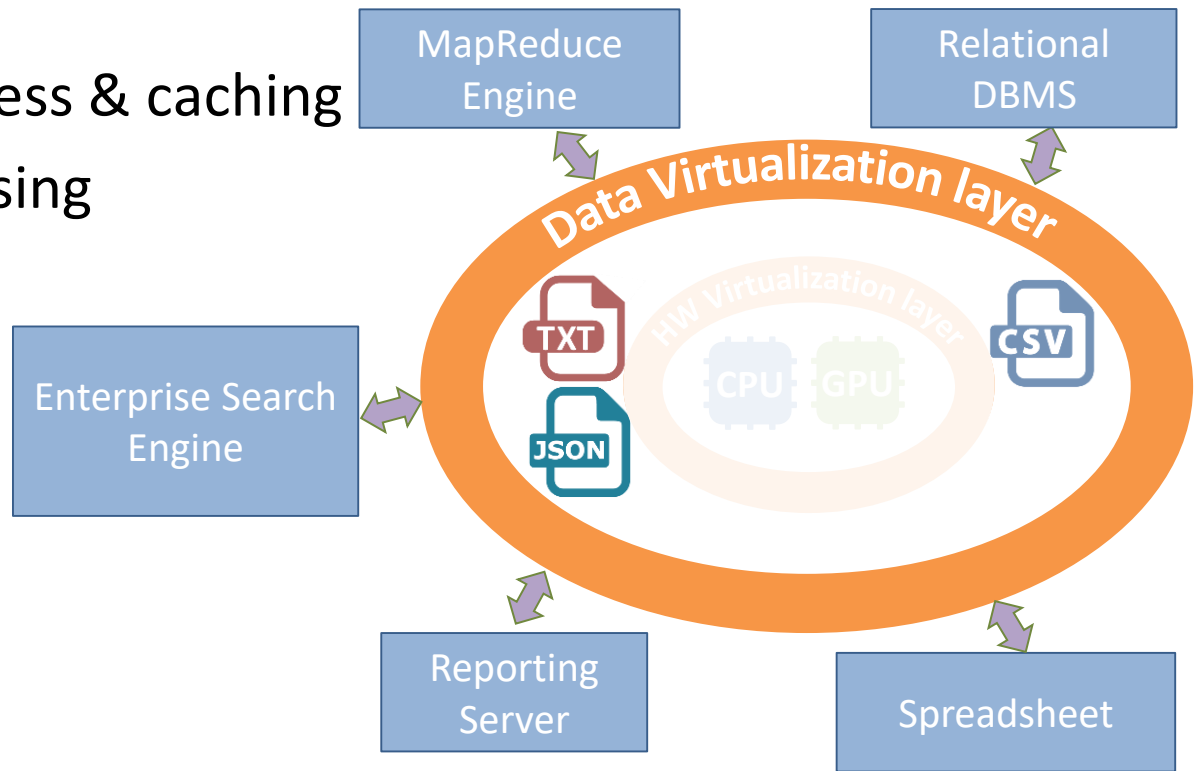
- Format impacts access & caching
- HW impacts processing



Virtualize format and hardware

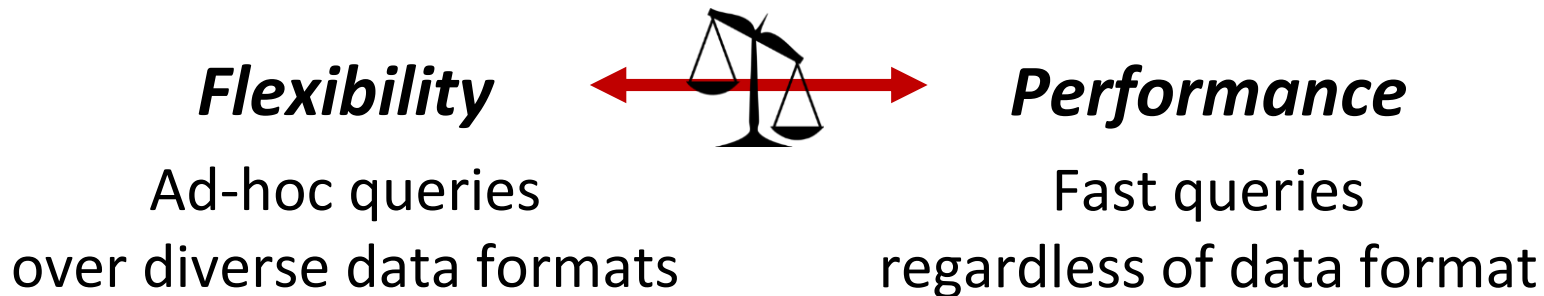
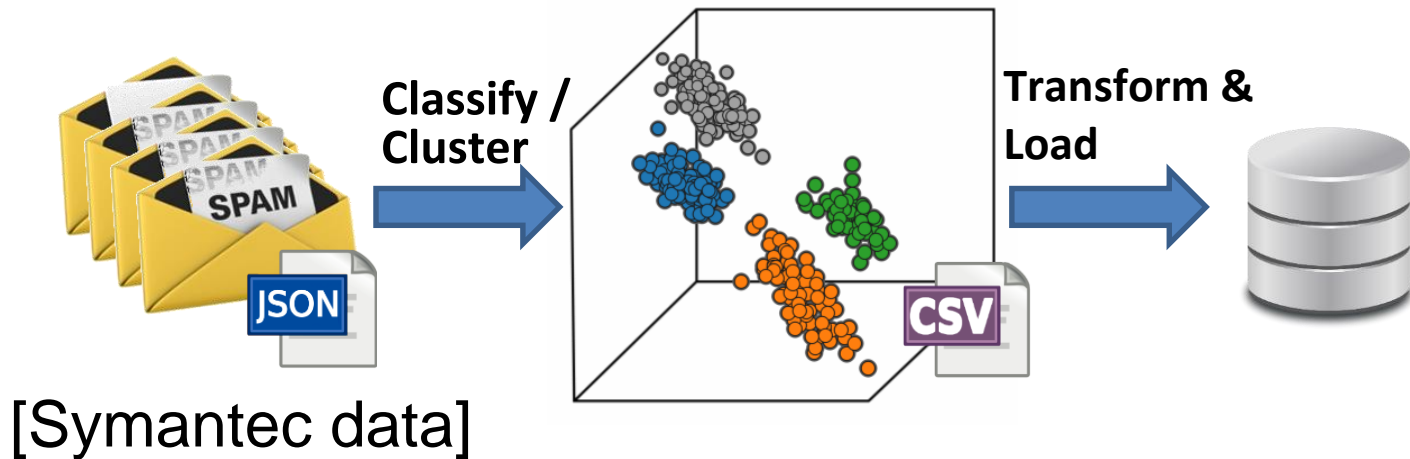
Virtualization layers

- Format impacts access & caching
- HW impacts processing

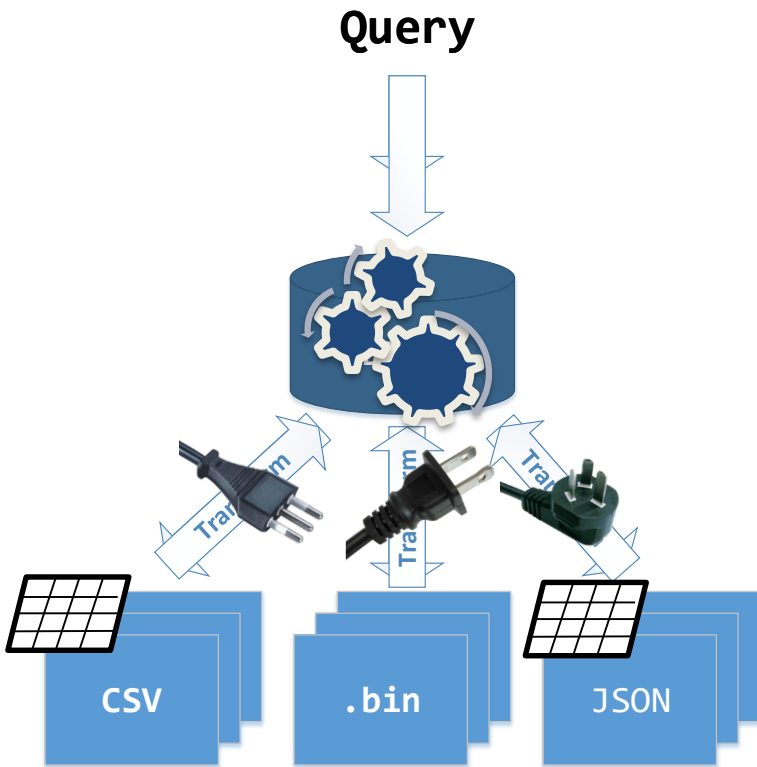


Virtualize format and hardware

Detecting active spambots



Customizing data access layer



Traditional DBMS:
Data adapts to engine


Proteus


Plug-in per data source
Build auxiliary structures

Treat each source as native storage format

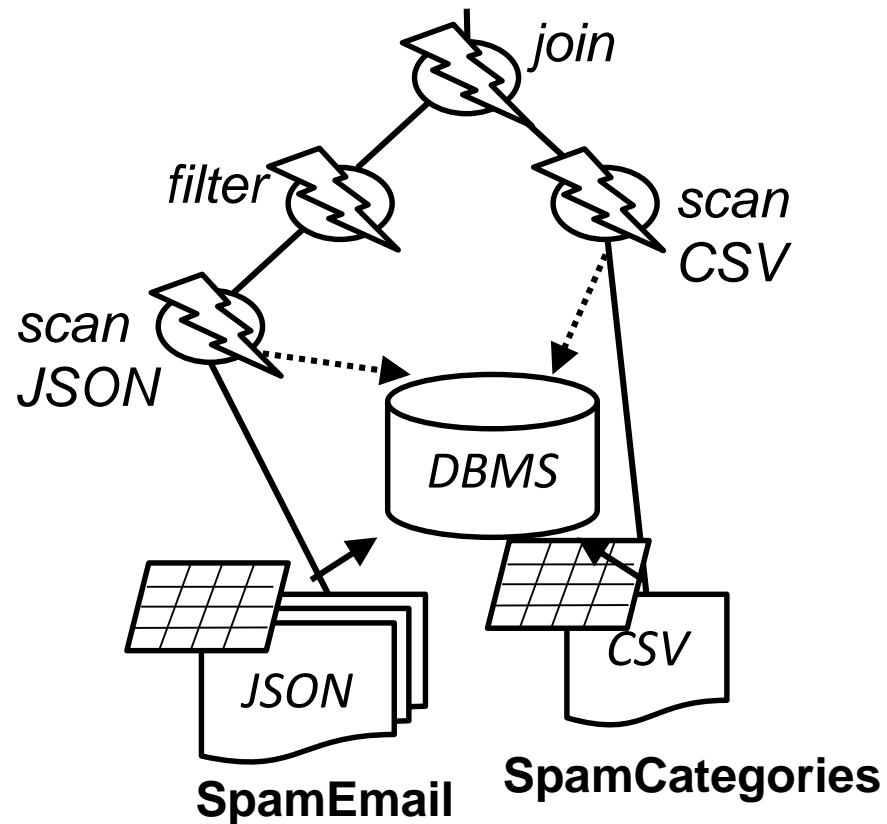
How Proteus builds a just-in-time data base

```
SELECT bot, country, ...
FROM SpamEmail e, SpamCategories c
WHERE e.id == c.id AND
      e.lang = 'English' AND ...
```

 Code Generate the Access Paths

 Code Generate the Query

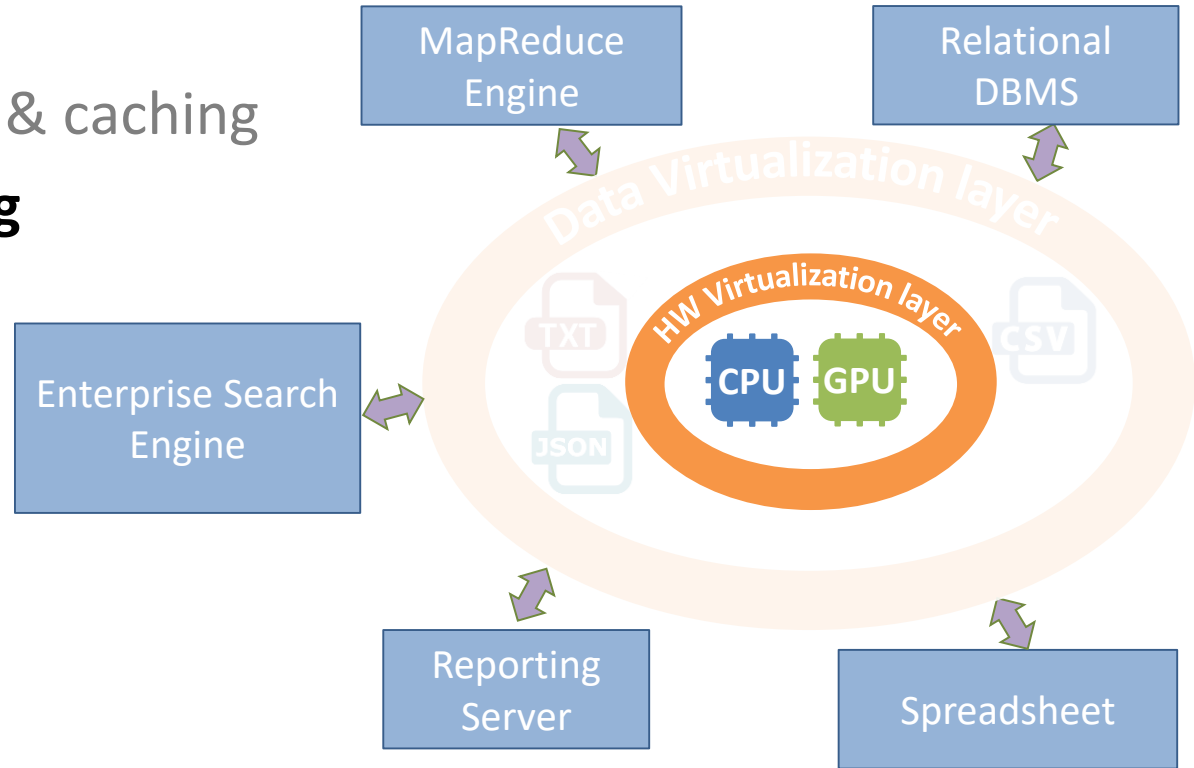
 Build Position and Data Caches



Tame heterogeneity; Cache only useful data

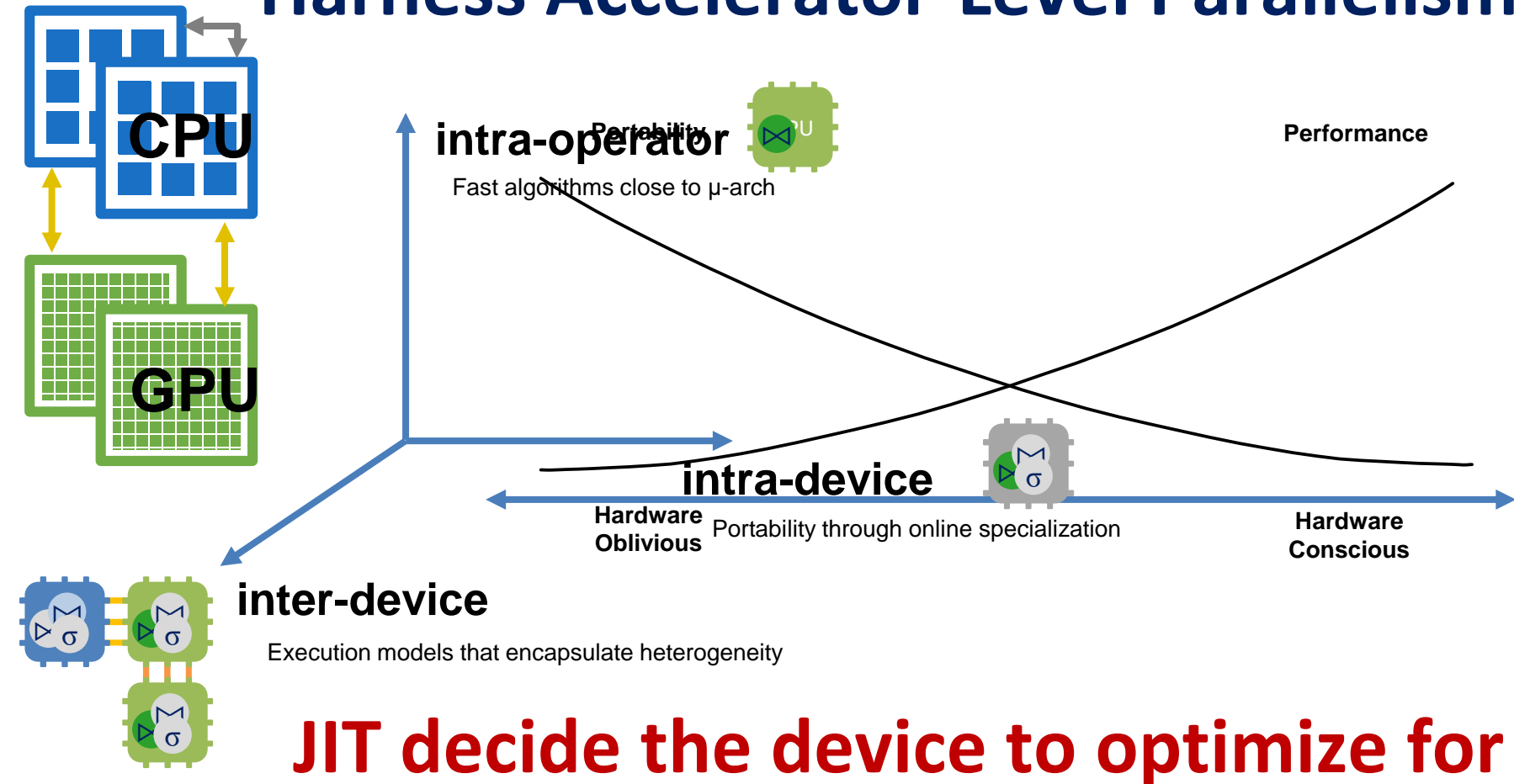
Virtualization layers

- Format impacts access & caching
- **HW impacts processing**



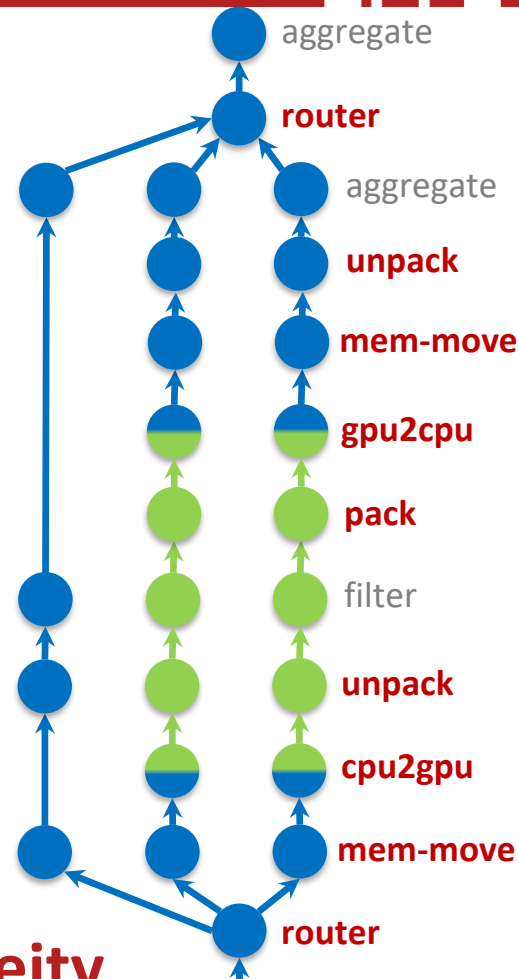
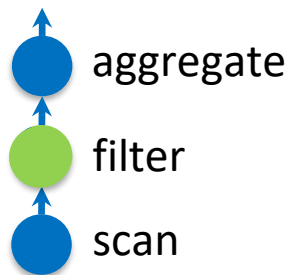
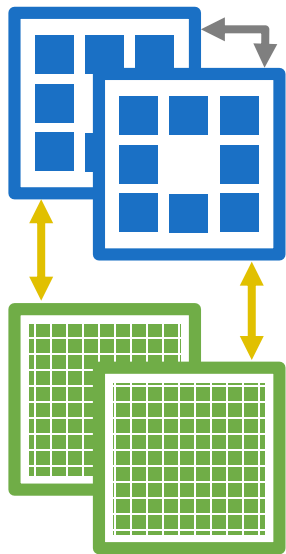
Virtualize format and hardware

Harness Accelerator-Level Parallelism



Execution on CPU+GPU

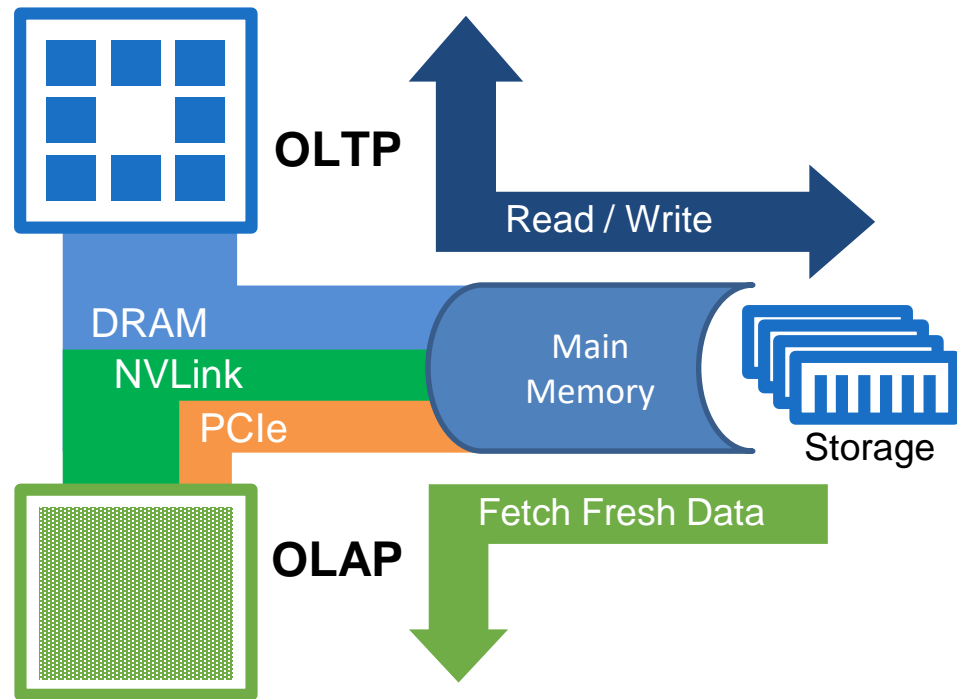
- Decouple data- from control-flow
- Trait conversions



Operators encapsulate device heterogeneity

GPU Accesses Fresh Data from CPU Memory

- OLTP generates fresh data on CPU Memory
- Data access protected by concurrency control
- OLAP needs to access fresh data over interconnect



Provide snapshot isolation for GPUs w/o CC overheads
Use shared main-memory bus efficiently

HTAP Design Spectrum

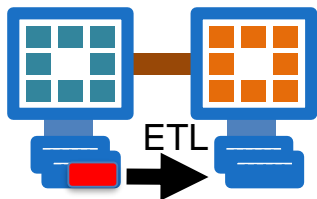
[SIGMOD2020]

OLTP

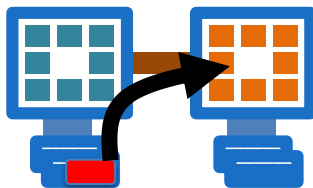
OLAP

Fresh Data

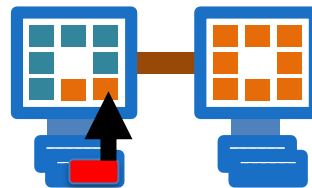
Isolated



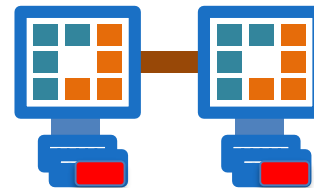
Hybrid-Access



Elastic-Compute



Colocated



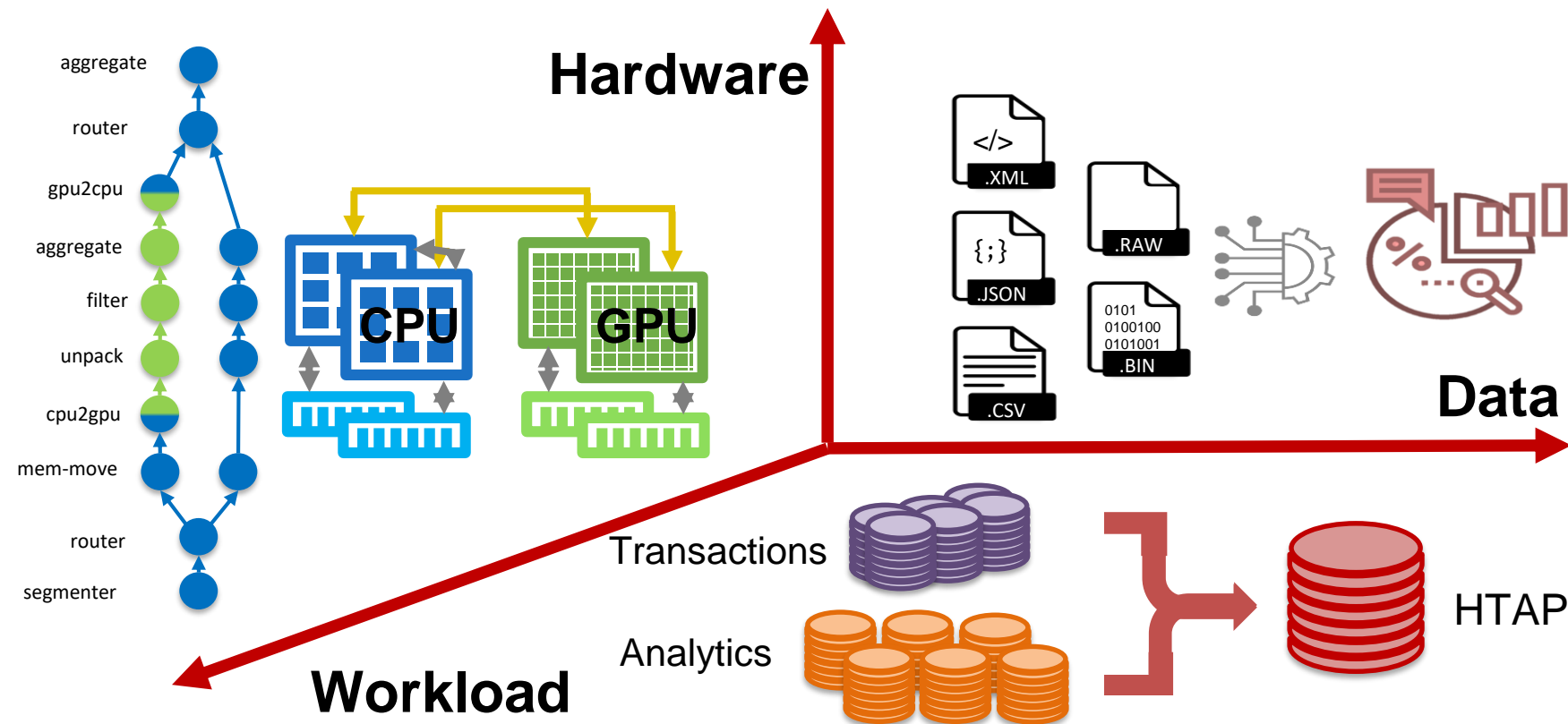
Fresh Data Access Bandwidth

Performance Isolation

Existing designs statically trades performance for isolation

Traverse HTAP spectrum based on *amount of fresh data*

Data virtualization and JIT engines



five old friends revisited

- ~~Data~~ variety → Operational environment variety
 - Unpredictable application requirements
- ~~Data~~ veracity → Inter-component veracity
 - Heterogeneous data & variable importance
- ~~Data~~ volume → Structural volume
 - Multi-layered system architectures
- ~~Data~~ value → Resource value
 - Broader, multi-featured analytics
- ~~Data~~ velocity → Technological velocity
 - Hardware heterogeneity & volatility

Intelligent Real-time Systems

Incorporate change into native design.

Anticipate change and react, learning from errors.

**A solution is only as efficient
as its least adaptive component.**

Reactive and optimistic Imaginative and inspiring

